Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year To the Chairman and Members of the Seaton Urban District Council. Gentlemen There have been 20 births and 17 deaths. Three of the latter were visitors and are not reckoned in calculating the death rate, which is 10. 1 per thousand of the resident population. This is a very low rate, and has only been reached twice in the last ten Of the 14 deaths Twere over 65 years of age, two being registered as from oldage only. Of the others one was an infant of hdays, born prematurely; three were children between 1 and 5, and the rest between 60765. The cause of death as may be seen from the appender Tables calls for no remark. There are none from any of notifiable Tymotics, and only one from any of the others; that from Influenza. Thave only hav three notifications for the year, all of them Enjoipilas, though having no connection with each other. Influenza was prevalent in the Spring, and Whooping lough and Chicken Pose in the late Autumn. All of these diseases were of a militype, and nodeath resulted from either of the latter. The sewerage system is in good working order. I have juguently inspected the main outfall and have never foundamy nuisance there. The Septic Jank at the small western outfall is eatisfactory; I constantly pass by and consider that it has abated the muisance which used to exist The houses which were reported in april as having closets without flushing apparatus were are promptly supplied.

The case of overcrowding in Hobb Lane was duly remedied.

your Enspector of Muse ances has made monthly inspections of

the slaughter houses, and finds they are kept clean and well lime washed. I have visited them several times and find this to be correct. The surroundings of a slaughter house are, however, always more or less unsightly, and it is a pity that the one at the top

of the town should be in such a conspicuous position.

We have an abundant supply of pure water, the quantity passing through the meter in the year was 16.246.000 gallons, which is equal to 14.500 gallons a day and represents a daily supply of 34 gallons perhead of the population. A sample taken from the public drinking fountain was sent to the Clinical Research Association in February for bacteriological analysis, shey reported it to be a fairly good one, though it contains more organisms than an excellent water should contain. There is certainly no ividence of recent sewage contamination." I could in noway account for the presence of these organisms, and believe the cause was of a temporary nature.

In April a sample taken from the source of the water supply was sent to Dr. Bernard Dyer for analysis. He reported "This is a pure water showing no signs of animal

contamination."

At the time this sample was taken Ivisited the springs at Couchill with Mr. Chamier, and as I then reported, journ

everything satisfactory.

lomplaints were made last suguet, by the occupiers of some of the houses on the higher level that their supply was pequently interrupted. Martin, Engineer, of Exeter was called on to advise how this could be remedied. Together with the Chairman and ther members of the louncil Faccompanied him to louchill, and have since furnished him with data he required. His report has not yet been received, but may be expected shortly. I underetand that the owner of the springs contemplates supplying the eight houses on his estate, which at present are connected with the main that supplies, seaton, by a reparate pipe. If this is done I think the greevance complained of will be remedied.

Summing up my report Jam glad to be able to say:

"The health of the district has been good and the death rate (10.7) is exceptionally low!

"The suverage system is ingood working order".

"The scavanging is efficient!

"The water supply is abundant and pure".

I cannot conclude without expressing my regret in common with most medical beficers of the alth, at the passing of the "New Vaccination act". Vaccination has been efficiently performed in this district, and during the 3th years thave resided here I have only seen one case of small pox. I very much fear that if the exemptions allowed by the New Hot are much adopted, it will not be long before we have this scourge in our midst. Hitherto the need of after alion those pital has not been great; but under the working of this Bill it may at any time become an urgent necessity.

Fam Gentlemen Your obedient servant

> H. a. Pallenson M. O. H.

Seaton 1 st February 1899.

Report of Mr. C. H. for theyear 1898.